Croatia. Croatian Institute of Public Health (Hrvatski zavod za javno zdravstvo); Life Quality Improvement Organisation - NGO FLIGHT (Udruga za unapredenje kvalitete zivljenja "LET")

## National Monitoring

Czech Republic. National Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Addiction (Office of the Government of the Czech Republic)

## 

Denmark. Centre for Health and Infectious Disease Research, Rigshospitalet

1. Tervise Arengu Instituut

Estonia. National Institute for Health Development (Tervise Arengu Instituut)

## ©THL

Finland. National Institute for Health and Welfare (Terveyden ja hyvinvoinnin laitos)


Greece. Hellenic Center for Disease Control And Prevention (Kentro Eleghou \& Prolipsis Nosimaton)

## ${ }^{\text {"rand }}$ $\square_{\text {ISFF }}$ Instiut firl Suchtforsch Frankuurt am Main Deutsche AIDS-Hilfe米 ZIS

 Alds
## ACTION

Germany. Centre for Interdisciplinary Addiction Research, University of Hamburg; Institut fur Suchtforschung; Deutsche AIDS-Hilfe, AIDS Action Europe

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emberi froforrások
Hungary. Ministry of Human Capacities

## landspitall

Iceland. Landspitali University Hospital


Italy. National Institute for Infectious Diseases (Istituto Nazionale Malattie Infettive L. Spallanzani)


Latvia. Center for Disease Prevention and Control of the Republic of Latvia (Slimību profilakses un kontroles centrs)

## FT 

## 중ㄴ IAC

Lithuania. Centre for Communicable Diseases and AIDS (Užkrečiamujų ligų ir AIDS centras - ULAC);

Vilnius Centre for Addictive Disorders (Vilniaus priklausomybės ligų centras)
 $\qquad$
Luxembourg. Directorate of Health - Division of Sanitary Inspection (Ministère de la Santé )
health.gov.mi*
Malta. Ministry for Health

## COLLABORATING PARTNERS

AIDS Foundation East-West (AFEW)
Coordinadora Estatal de VIH-SIDA, Spain
Czech AIDS Help Society
Department of Health, London, United Kingdom
European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control
European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction Free Clinic, Belgium
Grupo de Ativistas em Tratamento (GAT), Portugal Medical and Public Health Services of the Ministry of Health of the Republic of Cyprus
Ministry of Health, Czech Republic
National Institute of Public Health, Czech Republic
Norwegian Institute of Public Health
Public Health Agency of Sweden
Vilnius University, Lithuania
Funding: Budget EUR 3.75 million. Co-funded by EU Health Programme. Duration: 36 months (October 2015-September 2018)

## WORKING TOGETHER

to prevent HIV, viral hepatitis and tuberculosis among people who inject drugs in Europe.


## ABOUT HA-REACT

The Joint Action on HIV and Co-infection Prevention and Harm Reduction (HA-REACT) addresses existing gaps in the prevention of HIV and other co-infections, especially tuberculosis (TB) and viral hepatitis, among people who inject drugs (PWID). The three-year project was launched in late 2015 with core funding from the European Union (EU), and is being implemented by 22 partners representing 18 EU Member States. Fourteen collaborating partners are contributing additional expertise, among them the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control and the European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction.

Implementation of HA-REACT is taking place primarily in three focus countries, with attention given to preparing toolkits and guidelines that will benefit the entire European Union. The focus countries are Latvia, Lithuania and Hungary.

## HA-REACT objectives:

- To improve capacity to respond to HIV and co-infection risks and provide harm reduction with a specific focus on PWID.
- To focus particularly on Member States where there are obvious gaps in effective and evidence-informed interventions, or where such interventions are not being implemented at a sufficient level.
To encourage the implementation of comprehensive harm reduction programmes at sufficient scale in all EU Member States as an essential strategy for improving the prevention and treatment of HIV, TB and viral hepatitis.

The overall aim of HA-REACT is to significantly contribute to the elimination of HIV and to reductions in cases of TB and viral hepatitis among PWID in the European Union by 2020. This objective is aligned with strategic action plans issued by the European Union, the World Health Organization, UNAIDS and the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime.


